



CLASS IX : ASSIGNMENT : CHAPTER-1 : NUMBER SYSTEM : MATHEMATICS

1. Complete the following sentences:
 - a) Every point on a number line corresponds to a _____ number which may be either _____ or _____.
 - b) The decimal form of an irrational number is neither _____ nor _____.
 - c) The decimal representation of a rational number is either _____ or _____.
 - d) Every real number is either _____ or _____.
2. Find the decimal representation of the following:
 - a) $16/45$
 - b) $22/7$
3. Express each of the following decimals in the form p/q.
 - a) $0.\overline{1}$
 - b) $23.\overline{43}$
 - c) $0.\overline{32}$
 - d) $0.003\overline{52}$
 - e) $15.\overline{712}$
 - f) $0.23535353535\overline{35}\dots$
 - g) $15.712121212\overline{12}\dots$
4. Insert Rational and Irrational numbers:
 - a) Insert a rational and an irrational number between 2 and 3.
 - b) Find two irrational numbers lying between $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{3}$.
 - c) Find two rational numbers between $0.23233233332\dots$ and $0.25255255525552\dots$
 - d) Find three rational numbers between -2 and 5.
 - e) Insert 100 rational numbers between $-3/13$ and $9/13$.
5. Prove that the following are irrational numbers:
 - a) $\sqrt{2}$
 - b) \sqrt{n} , if n is not a perfect square.
 - c) $\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}$
 - d) $(\sqrt{2} + 2)^2$
6. Represent $\sqrt{6}$, $\sqrt{7}$ and $\sqrt{8}$ on number line.
7. Represent $\sqrt{10.5}$ on number line.
8. If $x = 9 + 4\sqrt{5}$, find the value of $\sqrt{x} - 1/\sqrt{x}$.
9. If $x = 1/(\sqrt{5} - 2)$, find the value of $x^3 - 3x^2 - 5x + 3$
10. Find the values of a and b if:
 - a) $(5 + 2\sqrt{3})/(7 + 4\sqrt{3}) = a + b\sqrt{3}$
 - b) $(3 + \sqrt{7})/(3 - 4\sqrt{7}) = a + b\sqrt{7}$
11. Simplify each of the following:
 - a) $(625)^{-1/4}$
 - b) $(243x^{10}y^5z^{10})^{1/5}$
 - c) $(0.001)^{1/3}$
 - d) $\{(25)^{3/2} \times (243)^{3/5}\} \div \{(16)^{5/4} \times (8)^{-1/3}\}$
 - e) $(16 \times 2^{n+1} - 4 \times 2^n) \div (16 \times 2^{n+2} - 2 \times 2^{n+2})$
12. Prove that:
 - a) $(x^{-1}y)(y^{-1}z)(z^{-1}x) = 1$
 - b) $(x^{a+b})^2(x^{b+c})^2(x^{c+a})^2 \div (x^a x^b x^c)^4 = 1$
 - c) $m - n = 1$, if $\{9^n \times 3^2 \times (3^{-n/2})^{-2} - (27)^n\} \div 3^{3m} \times 2^3 = 1/27$
 - d) $(2^n + 2^{n-1}) / (2^{n+1} - 2^n) = 3/2$
13. Find the value of x if:
 - a) $27^x = 9/3^x$
 - b) $5^{x-3} \times 3^{2x-8} = 225$
 - c) $2^{x-5} \times 5^{x-4} = 5$